



**Additional points to consider when choosing gloves:**

- Toughness & durability
- Sensitivity & Tactility
- Comfort, Fit & Dexterity
- Tear Resistance
- Contact Dermatitis Risk
- Grip
- Chemical Resistance
- Barrier Performance
- Latex Allergy Risk

No need to wear gloves when, for example:

- Routine bed making
- Handling notes
- Handling bagged specimens

**Sterile Latex Gloves**

- All aseptic procedures with potential exposure to blood, blood stained body fluids and vaginal secretions
- Used for all surgeries and theatres, as well as central line insertion, epidural and lumbar puncture

**Sterile Nitrile Gloves**

- All aseptic procedures with potential exposure to blood, blood stained body fluids and vaginal secretions
- Use if user has a known latex allergy

**Latex or Nitrile Examination Glove**

- Non aseptic procedures with a high risk of exposure to blood or blood stained body fluids
- Procedure involving sharps
- Tasks where manipulation is involved

**Sterile**

- Aseptic procedures where contact with urine, faeces or bodily fluids with no visible blood and/or mucous membrane is expected.

**Non-Sterile**

- Short procedures where contact with urine, faeces or bodily fluids with no visible blood and/or mucous membrane is expected.